

**COOPERATIVE SWEET SORGHUM  
VARIETY TESTS FOR SIRUP  
DURING 1972  
IN FOUR SOUTHEASTERN STATES**

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# COOPERATIVE SWEET SORGHUM VARIETY TESTS FOR SIRUP DURING 1972 IN FOUR SOUTHEASTERN STATES

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## ABSTRACT

Ten varieties of sweet sorghum, *Sorghum bicolor* (L.) Moench, were evaluated for sirup production at four or more locations. Two hybrids, '1845E' (male sterile 'Williams' × 'Brandes') and 'GA 710 Sy' (male sterile 'Williams' × 'Wiley'), were superior in stalk and sirup yield to all other varieties in the Florida and Georgia tests. However, 'GA 710 Sy' is no longer recommended for sirup production because of excessive lodging and extreme height, which makes harvesting difficult. 'Mer. 67-9' was vigorous and productive but was irregular in height and maturity. 'Mer. 67-10', a uniform, superior variety for ease of harvesting, was very attractive in appearance, but it failed to produce sirup of desirable quality at Lorman, Miss. Diseases of economic importance were rough spot in Florida and Georgia and gray leaf spot in Mississippi. **KEY WORDS:** excessive lodging, harvesting difficulties, recommended for sirup, sirup production, sirup quality, *Sorghum bicolor* (L.), superior stalk and sirup yield.

## INTRODUCTION

Experimental plots for testing 10 sweet sorghum varieties, *Sorghum bicolor* (L.) Moench, for sirup production were planted in 4 Southeastern States—Alabama, Florida, Georgia, and Mississippi. All tests included 'Brandes' (the standard), 'Dale', 'Mer. 67-9', 'Mer. 67-10', 'Mer. 67-11', 'Mer. 67-18', and 'Mer. 70-3'. Three hybrid varieties, 'GA 710 Sy' (male sterile 'Williams' × 'Wiley'), '1845E' (male sterile 'Williams' × 'Brandes'), and '1984E' (male sterile 'Williams' × 'Dale') were planted only in Florida and Georgia.<sup>3</sup>

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## METHODS

A randomized complete-block design with four replications of each variety was used. Each plot included three rows. The seed in most tests were planted with hill-drop planters, and the plants were thinned to three or four per hill. In the remaining tests, the seed were drilled with a spout drill, and the plants were thinned to 6- to 8-inch spacing. The plots were cultivated with conventional tractor cultivators. All sorghum varieties were harvested when the seed were in the dough stage of maturity.

At harvest, all stalks from the center row of each plot were weighed to determine gross yield. A 10- to 20-stalk sample was randomly selected, then weighed, stripped, topped, and finally reweighed to determine the net tons of millable stalks per acre.

Each stalk sample was crushed at the mill to provide a sample for calculating juice extraction and to provide juice for Brix and sucrose

analyses. Sirup was processed from a 5-kg composite of juice samples for each variety. The sirup from each variety was weighed in order to calculate the percentage of sirup for determining the yield per net ton of stalks and yield per acre. Three 2-oz, clear-glass bottles were filled with sirup of each variety to provide samples for observation, quality, grading, and response to storage.

## RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Table 1 shows yield of stripped stalks. 'Brandes', the standard variety, averaged 15.6 tons of stalks per acre and ranged from 8.4 to 27.2 tons per acre. 'Mer. 67-9', 'GA 710 Sy', and '1845E' exceeded 'Brandes' by 18, 33, and 53 percent.

Table 2 shows the extraction of juice. 'Brandes' stalks averaged 43.8 percent and ranged from 37.2 to 49.1 percent. 'Mer. 67-18' stalks contained the most juice, producing 17 percent more juice than 'Brandes'.

Table 3 gives degrees Brix of extracted juice. 'Brandes' juice averaged 20.2 Brix. 'Dale' and 'Mer. 70-3' had higher Brix readings than 'Brandes' at all locations except Verona, Miss. The remaining test varieties showed greater variation from the standard at different locations. All varieties had low Brix readings at Blairsville, Ga., but only 'Brandes' had comparatively lower readings at Meridian and Newton, Miss.

Table 4 shows yield of sirup per net ton of stalks. 'Brandes' averaged 15.1 gallons of sirup per ton of stalks. The hybrids, 'GA 710 Sy',

'1845E', and '1984E' exceeded 'Brandes' by 19, 17, and 12 percent in the Georgia tests. The overall average of 'Mer. 67-11', 'Mer. 67-9', 'Mer. 67-18', and 'Dale' exceeded the yield of 'Brandes' by 10, 10, 12, and 13 percent.

Table 5 shows the yield of sirup per acre. The yield at Cairo, Ga., was very poor because of early drought and heavy infestation by the lesser corn stalk borer. High yields were obtained at Meridian, Miss., where one irrigation reduced moisture stress, permitting continuous development of the plants. 'Mer. 70-3' produced sirup that was dark brown to reddish brown in color, and it was the only variety that failed to produce high-quality sirup. All other varieties produced a high-quality amber or light-straw-colored sirup.

Table 6 contains data on diseases of economic importance. Disease effects were evaluated on reductions in plant yield and quality and on percentage of leaf destruction. 'Honey', a variety highly susceptible to most leaf diseases, was planted on border rows to indicate presence of disease-causing organisms. Anthracnose, formerly a serious disease on sweet sorghum and a detriment to high-quality sirup, was completely absent in all varieties except 'Honey' because of genetic resistance. Rough spot infection was heavy on most varieties at Quincy, Fla., and at Blairsville and Experiment, Ga. Gray leaf spot infection was heavy at Lorman and Verona, Miss. Rust infection was present only at Meridian, Miss., and was limited to one variety, 'Mer. 67-11'. Insecticides caused no significant injury to the plants.

TABLE 1.—Yield of stripped stalks

Location	'Brandes' (tons/ acre)	Pct of 'Brandes'							
		'Dale'	'Mer. 67-9'	'Mer. 67-10'	'Mer. 67-11'	'Mer. 67-18'	'Mer. 70-3'	'GA 710 Sy'	'1845E' '1984E'
Alabama: Crossville .....	15.9	91	122	102	96	109	82	...	...
Florida: Quincy .....	14.7	65	126	112	84	86	86	163	158 104
Georgia:									
Blairsville .....	15.3	66	110	69	60	65	47	165	153 118
Experiment .....	19.4	78	85	94	86	83	64	114	99 77
Cairo .....	8.4	67	94	110	69	59	81	120	206 120
Mean .....	14.4	70	96	91	72	69	64	133	153 105
Mississippi:									
Lorman .....	12.6	98	151	121	112	87	87	...	...
Meridian .....	27.2	89	126	109	107	108	109	...	...
Newton .....	13.0	85	126	120	95	67	81	...	...

TABLE 1.—*Yield of stripped stalks*—Continued

Location	'Brandes' (tons/ acre)	Pct of 'Brandes'								
		'Dale'	'Mer. 67-9'	'Mer. 67-10'	'Mer. 67-11'	'Mer. 67-18'	'Mer. 70-3'	'GA 710 Sy'	'1845E'	'1984E'
Mississippi—Continued:										
Verona .....	16.6	105	119	130	115	138	101	...	...	...
Mean .....	17.4	94	130	120	107	100	94	...	...	...
Mean of means .....	15.6	80	118	106	90	91	82	...	...	...

TABLE 2.—*Juice extraction*

Location	'Brandes' (pct)	Pct of 'Brandes'								
		'Dale'	'Mer. 67-9'	'Mer. 67-10'	'Mer. 67-11'	'Mer. 67-18'	'Mer. 70-3'	'GA 710 Sy'	'1845E'	'1984E'
Alabama: Crossville .....	22.8	103	89	98	96	85	102	...	...	...
Florida: Quincy .....	44.4	108	109	109	105	117	102	109	106	106
Georgia:										
Blairsville .....	49.1	99	102	104	98	107	93	105	106	98
Experiment .....	43.4	115	108	110	108	113	102	110	112	119
Cairo .....	42.3	113	101	109	105	107	99	118	113	111
Mean .....	44.9	109	104	108	104	109	98	111	110	109
Mississippi:										
Lorman .....	40.8	105	118	102	106	122	95	...	...	...
Meridian .....	45.5	97	99	90	95	124	96	...	...	...
Newton <sup>3</sup> .....	37.2	110	116	86	90	124	103	...	...	...
Verona .....	40.6	116	112	111	109	129	107	...	...	...
Mean .....	41.0	107	111	97	100	125	100	...	...	...
Mean of means .....	43.8	106	109	104	101	117	97	...	...	...

TABLE 3.—*Brix analysis*

Location	'Brandes'	Pct of 'Brandes'								
		'Dale'	'Mer. 67-9'	'Mer. 67-10'	'Mer. 67-11'	'Mer. 67-18'	'Mer. 70-3'	'GA 710 Sy'	'1845E'	'1984E'
Alabama: Crossville .....	22.8	103	89	98	96	85	102	...	...	...
Florida: Quincy .....	20.0	112	97	103	99	96	102	113	106	104
Georgia:										
Blairsville .....	16.4	105	101	93	89	89	107			
Experiment .....	21.3	103	84	89	98	91	101			
Cairo .....	19.5	110	104	102	98	93	112			
Mean .....	19.1	106	96	95	95	91	107	104	100	101
Mississippi:										
Lorman .....	20.6	117	97	97	97	88	109	...	...	...
Meridian .....	16.9	115	109	131	124	102	106	...	...	...
Newton .....	16.9	128	115	120	116	106	118	...	...	...
Verona .....	21.9	93	88	87	85	80	93	...	...	...
Mean .....	19.1	113	102	109	106	94	104	...	...	...
Mean of means ....	20.2	108	96	101	99	92	104	...	...	...

TABLE 4.—*Sirup yield per net ton of stalks*

Location	'Brandes' (gal/ ton)	Pct of 'Brandes'							
		'Dale'	'Mer. 67-9'	'Mer. 67-10'	'Mer. 67-11'	'Mer. 67-18'	'Mer. 70-3'	'GA 710 Sy'	'1845E' '1984E'
Alabama: Crossville .....	16.0	106	120	101	102	113	93	...	...
Florida: Quincy .....	16.0	108	109	109	134	116	104	136	106
Georgia:									
Blairsville .....	15.0	103	97	93	85	95	99	107	111
Experiment .....	15.3	114	99	101	117	110	101	116	127
Cairo .....	14.4	136	110	103	105	100	106	135	113
Mean .....	14.9	118	102	99	102	102	102	119	117
Mississippi:									
Lorman .....	14.4	108	115	( <sup>1</sup> )	106	113	94	...	...
Meridian .....	12.5	119	106	114	118	130	105	...	...
Newton .....	11.6	132	116	96	98	126	111	...	...
Verona .....	15.9	108	92	100	91	106	89	...	...
Mean .....	13.6	117	107	78	103	119	100	...	...
Mean of means .....	15.1	113	110	97	110	112	100	...	...

<sup>1</sup> Failed to boil to sirup of proper density.TABLE 5.—*Sirup yield per acre*

Location	'Brandes' (gal/acre)	Pct of 'Brandes'							
		'Dale'	'Mer. 67-9'	'Mer. 67-10'	'Mer. 67-11'	'Mer. 67-18'	'Mer. 70-3'	'GA 710 Sy'	'1845E' '1984E'
Alabama: Crossville .....	255	97	146	103	98	124	76	...	...
Florida: Quincy .....	235	70	138	123	114	100	89	222	168
Georgia:									
Blairsville .....	230	68	107	65	51	62	46	176	170
Experiment .....	296	90	84	94	102	91	65	133	127
Cairo .....	121	91	103	112	73	60	85	163	233
Mean .....	216	93	98	90	75	71	65	157	177
Mississippi:									
Lorman .....	181	107	176	( <sup>1</sup> )	119	99	82	...	...
Meridian .....	341	105	133	124	126	140	115	...	...
Newton .....	152	112	145	114	93	84	89	...	...
Verona .....	264	113	109	130	105	146	90	...	...
Mean .....	234	109	141	92	111	117	94	...	...
Mean of means .....	235	90	131	102	100	103	81	...	...

<sup>1</sup> Failed to boil to sirup of proper density.TABLE 6.—*Diseases of economic importance in 11 sweet sorghum sirup varieties<sup>1</sup>*

Location	'Brandes' (standard)	Test variety								
		'Dale'	'Mer. 67-9'	'Mer. 67-10'	'Mer. 67-11'	'Mer. 67-18'	'Mer. 70-3'	'GA 710 Sy'	'1845E'	'1984E' 'Honey'
Alabama: Crossville .....		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Florida: Quincy .....	RS	RS	RS	...	...	...	...	RS	RS	RS

TABLE 6.—*Diseases of economic importance in 11 sweet sorghum sirup varieties*<sup>1</sup>—Continued

Location	'Brandes' (standard)	'Dale'	Test variety								
			'Mer. 67-9'	'Mer. 67-10'	'Mer. 67-11'	'Mer. 67-18'	'Mer. 70-3'	'GA 710 Sy'	'1845E'	'1984E'	'Honey'
Georgia:											
Blairsville .....		...	...	...	...	RS	...	...	...	...	A
Cairo .....	RS	RS	RS	RS	...	RS	RS	RS	RS	RS	RS
Experiment .....	RS	RS	RS	RS	RS	RS	RS	RS	RS	RS	A, RS
Mississippi:											
Lorman .....	GLS	...	RS	GLS	...	GLS, RS	GLS	...	...	...	GLS, RS
Meridian .....		...	...	...	R	...	...	...	...	...	A
Newton .....		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	A
Verona .....	GLS	...	GLS	GLS	GLS	GLS	GLS	...	...	...	GLS

<sup>1</sup> The presence of disease is indicated only when it was severe enough to have caused a reduction in yield or quality. A, Anthracnose. GLS, Gray leaf spot. R, Rust. RS, Rough spot.

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